



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Product Identifier	RECOSOL 150
Other Names	Petroleum Naphtha

Manufacturer's Product Code 16155

Recommended Use Industrial Solvent

Details of Supplier/Manufacturer

Company:	Recochem Inc. ABN: 69 010 485 999	
Address:	1809 Lytton Road, Lytton, Queensland 4178	
Phone:	(07) 3308 5200 Fax: (07) 3308 5201	
Website:	www.recochem.com.au	

Emergency Telephone Numbers

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	Business Hours:	(07) 3308 5200	
	After Hours:	1300 131 001	
	Poisons Information:	Australia: 13 11 26	New Zealand: 0800 764 766

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous chemical	according to classification by Safe Work Australia
Non-dangerous goods	according to the Australian Code for the Transport of
(Note: see Section 14)	Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

Signal Word	DANGER	
GHS Classification	Pictogram	Hazard statement
Flammable Liquids, Category 4	N/A	H227 Combustible liquid
Aspiration Hazard, Category 1		H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	HEALTH HAZARD	H351 Suspected of causing cancer
Acute Aquatic Toxicity, Category 2	- VE	H411 Toxic to equatio life with long
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity, Category 2	ENVIRONMENT	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Non-GHS (Safe Work Australia)		AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

GENERAL	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102	Keep out of reach of children
P103	Read label before use
PREVENTATIVE	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P273	Avoid release to the environment
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
RESPONSE	
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use foam/water spray/fog for extinction
P391	Collect spillage
STORAGE	
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P405	Store locked up
DISPOSAL	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations

Precautionary statements:

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients Names and Proportions

Chemical Entity	CAS Number	Proportion (%)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic	64742-94-5	< 100
With components:		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<= 10
Cumene	98-82-8	<= 2
Note – product contains < 0.1% benzene		

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation:	Remove victim from exposure if safe to do so. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. Remove contaminated clothing.
Skin Contact:	If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with water and follow by washing with soap if available.
Eye Contact:	If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Symptoms caused by exposure

Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous systemInhalation:depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death.	
Skin:	May include burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.
Eye:	May include burning sensation, redness, swelling and/or blurred vision.
Ingestion:	May include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath and/or fever.

Medical attention and special treatment

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing equipment

Foam, water spray or fog, dry chemical powder or carbon dioxide. Do not use water in a jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. Vapour is heavier than air, can spread along ground and distant ignition is possible.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

Combustible liquid. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Hazchem code is dependent upon mode of transportation and packaging (see Section 14).

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Take precautionary measure against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and earthing all equipment.

Environmental precautions

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading and entering waterway using sand, earth or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For small spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow any residues to evaporate or use an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.

For larger spills (> 1 drum), transfer by means such as a vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or disposal. Do not flush residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow any residues to evaporate or use an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Combustible product. Avoid breathing vapours. Handle and open containers with care in a well-ventilated area. Ensure that the workplace is ventilated such that the Occupational Exposure limit is not exceeded. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in contaminated areas. Electrostatic charges may be generated during transfer. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by earthing all equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store near strong oxidants. Avoid prolonged contact with natural, butyl or nitrile rubbers.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure control measures

In the absence of data from National Occupational Health & Safety Commission (NOHSC) Worksafe Australia the following is recommended to be adopted: 100mg/ m³ TWA (8hr).

Biological monitoring

No biological limit allocated.

Engineering controls

Ensure that adequate ventilation is provided. Maintain air concentrations below recommended exposure standards. Avoid generating and inhaling mists and vapours. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Individua	protection	measures
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Eye and face protection:	Wear safety goggles.
Skin protection:	Use solvent resistant gloves, nitrile for longer term protection or PVC and neoprene for incidental splashes.
Respiratory protection:	If work practices do not maintain airborne level below the exposure standard, use appropriate respiratory protection equipment. When using respirators, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter for organic gases and vapours (boiling point > 65°C). Respirators should comply with AS1716 or an equivalent approved by a state/territory authority.
Thermal hazards:	Not applicable.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Colourless liquid
Odour:	Aromatic
Odour threshold (ppm):	Data not available
pH:	Data not available
Melting point/freezing point (°C):	Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C):	Typical 158 - 214
Flash point (°C):	Typical 62 - 65.6 (Abel)
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1):	Data not available
Flammability:	Combustible
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits (%):	0.01 - 7
Vapour pressure (kPa @ 20°C):	< 1.3
Vapour density (air = 1):	4.8
Density (g/ml @ 15°C):	0.88 - 0.91
Solubility (kg/m ³):	Not miscible with water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Data not available
Auto-ignition temperature (°C):	Typical 449
Decomposition temperature (°C):	Data not available
Kinematic viscosity (mm ² /s @ 20°C):	Data not available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions of use.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

Acute toxicity:	Low toxicity: LD50 Oral (rat) > 2000mg/kg.	
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Low toxicity: LD50 Dermal (rat) > 2000mg/kg. May cause mild skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Moderately irritating to eyes (but insufficient to classify).	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	Not expected to be a sensitiser.	
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Not expected to be mutagenic.	
Carcinogenicity:	Naphthalene - Classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 2B. Group 2B – The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity:	Not expected to affect reproduction.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) – single exposure:	Not expected to be a respiratory irritant.	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) – repeated exposure:	Central nervous system: repeated exposure affects the nervous system.	
Aspiration hazard:	Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemica pneumonitis which can be fatal.	

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Acute toxicity:

Fish –	Expected to be toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/I
Aquatic invertebrate –	Expected to be toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/I
Algae –	Expected to be toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/I
Microorganisms –	Expected to be toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/I

Product: RECOSOL 150

Chronic toxicity:

Fish –	Data not available
Aquatic invertebrate –	Data not available
Algae –	Data not available
Microorganisms –	Data not available

Persistence and degradability

Expected to be readily biodegradable. Oxidises by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Bioaccumulative potential

Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Floats on water. Adsorbs to soil and has low mobility.

Other adverse effects

Data not available.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Ensure waste disposal conforms to local waste disposal regulations.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Australian Special Provision AU01 to the Australian Dangerous Goods Code 7th Edition (incorporating Corrigendum 1) 2011 states –

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN3077 or UN3082 are not subject to this Code when transported by road or rail in;

(a) packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or

(b) IBCs.

	Where not subject to ADG7:	Where subject to ADG7:
UN number:	Not applicable	3082
Proper shipping name:	Not applicable	Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S.
Australian Dangerous Goods class:	Not applicable	9
Australian Dangerous Goods packing group:	Not applicable	III
Hazchem code:	Not applicable	•3Z

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP), Poisons Schedule:	5
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS):	Listed
Dangerous Goods Initial Emergency Response Guide (SAA/SNZ HB76):	Where subject to ADG7: 47

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Date of preparation:	16/05/2017
Revision number:	9
Changes in this revision:	Updated ingredients and hazard classification

This SDS summarises product safety information at the date of issue, to the best of our knowledge, as a general guide. Recochem cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product is used, so prior to usage each user must assess and control the risks associated with their use of the product. Users should also consult the relevant legislation governing the use and storage of this product. We make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of information contained within this document. If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact Recochem on (07) 3308 5200.