



# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Product Identifier RECOSOL 100

Other Names Petroleum Naphtha

Manufacturer's Product Code 16100

Recommended Use Industrial solvent

**Details of Supplier/Manufacturer** 

Company:	Recochem Inc. ABN: 69 010 485 999	
Address:	1809 Lytton Road, Lytton, Queensland 4178	
Phone:	(07) 3308 5200 Fax: (07) 3308 5201	
Website:	www.recochem.com.au	

**Emergency Telephone Numbers** 

Business Hours:	(07) 3308 5200	
After Hours:	1300 131 001	
Poisons Information:	Australia: 13 11 26	New Zealand: 0800 764 766

# SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous chemical	according to classification by Safe Work Australia
Dangerous goods	according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

Signal Word	DANGER	
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GHS Classification	Pictogram	Hazard statement
Flammable Liquids, Category 3	FLAME	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour
Aspiration Hazard, Category 1	HEALTH HAZARD	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Page 1 of 7 ISSUE: 9 ISSUE DATE: 15/02/2017

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2		H315 Causes skin irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation, Category 2A		H319 Causes serious eye irritation
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single exposure), Category 3	EXCLAMATION MARK	H335 May cause respiratory irritation
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity, Category 2	***	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

# **Precautionary statements:**

GENERAL	
GENERAL P101	If modical advise is peeded, have product container or label at band
P101 P102	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102 P103	Keep out of reach of children  Read label before use
PREVENTATIVE	Neau label belule use
	Koon away franchast/ananka/anan flamas/hat awfasaa Na amakina
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P233	Keep container tightly closed
P240 P241	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241 P242	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilation/lighting equipment
	Use only non-sparking tools
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P273	Avoid release to the environment
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection
RESPONSE	IF OWALLOWED IN THE POLOCAL DENITED IN THE COLUMN TO THE C
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position
	comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 +	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
P338 P312	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P337 + P313	If eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use foam/water spray/fog for extinction
P391	Collect spillage
STORAGE	Onot opiliago
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tigritiy closed
P405 + P255	Store locked up
F 403	Otoro looked up

DISPOSAL		
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations	

#### SECTION 3 COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Ingredients Names and Proportions** 

Chemical Entity	CAS Number	Proportion (%)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	100
With components:	<u>i</u>	.i.k
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 40
1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	< 20
Xylene, Mixed Isomers	1330-20-7	< 20
1,2,3 Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	< 10
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	< 10
Cumene	98-82-8	< 5
Note – product contains < 0.1% benzene		

## SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation:	Remove victim from exposure if safe to do so. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. Remove contaminated clothing.
Skin Contact:	If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with water and follow by washing with soap if available.
Eye Contact:	If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

### Symptoms caused by exposure

Inhalation:	Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system depression.
Skin:	May include itching and redness.
Eye:	May include burning and temporary redness.
Ingestion:	May cause mild gastrointestinal irritation.

## Medical attention and special treatment

Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

# Suitable extinguishing equipment

Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder or carbon dioxide for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. Vapour is heavier than air, can spread along ground and distant ignition is possible.

## Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Hazchem code 3Y.

Page **3** of **7** ISSUE: 9 ISSUE DATE: 15/02/2017

#### SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Take precautionary measure against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and earthing all equipment.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading and entering waterway using sand, earth or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For small spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow any residues to evaporate or use an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.

For larger spills (> 1 drum), transfer by means such as a vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or disposal. Do not flush residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow any residues to evaporate or use an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.

#### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Flammable product. Avoid breathing vapours. Handle and open containers with care in a well-ventilated area. Ensure that the workplace is ventilated such that the Occupational Exposure limit is not exceeded. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in contaminated areas. Electrostatic charges may be generated during transfer. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by earthing all equipment.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Do not store near aerosols, strong oxidants and corrosives.

# SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure control measures**

In the absence of data from National Occupational Health & Safety Commission (NOHSC) Worksafe Australia, use: Aromatic solvents 169-185, HSPA 100mg/m³ TWA (8hr).

#### **Biological monitoring**

No biological limit allocated.

### **Engineering controls**

Ensure that adequate ventilation is provided. Maintain air concentrations below recommended exposure standards. Avoid generating and inhaling mists and vapours. Keep containers closed when not in use.

#### Individual protection measures

Eye and face protection:	Wear safety goggles.
Skin protection:	Use solvent resistant gloves, nitrile for longer term protection or PVC and neoprene for incidental splashes.
Respiratory protection:	If work practices do not maintain airborne level below the exposure standard, use appropriate respiratory protection equipment. When using respirators, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter for organic gases and vapours (boiling point > 65°C). Respirators should comply with AS1716 or an equivalent approved by a state/territory authority.
Thermal hazards:	Not applicable.

Page **4** of **7** ISSUE: 9 ISSUE DATE: 15/02/2017

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Colourless liquid
Odour:	Aromatic
Odour threshold (ppm):	Data not available
pH:	Data not available
Melting point/freezing point (°C):	Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C):	Typical 148 - 182
Flash point (°C):	38 - 47 (Abel)
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1):	< 1
Flammability:	Flammable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits (%):	0.6 – 7.0
Vapour pressure (kPa @ 20°C):	Typical 0.8 kPa
Vapour density (air = 1):	4.3
Density (g/ml @ 15°C):	0.87 - 0.88
Solubility (kg/m <sup>3</sup> ):	Not miscible with water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Data not available
Auto-ignition temperature (°C):	Typical 460
Decomposition temperature (°C):	Data not available
Kinematic viscosity (mm²/s @ 40°C):	Data not available

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions of use.

## **Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions of use.

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

Stable under normal conditions of use.

#### Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

#### Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

# **Hazardous decomposition products**

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

Page **5** of **7** 

ISSUE: 9 ISSUE DATE: 15/02/2017

# SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity:	Expected to be of low toxicity - LD50 Oral (rat) > 2000mg/kg LD50 Dermal (rat) > 2000mg/kg LC50 (rat, 4h) greater than near-saturated vapour concentration	
Skin corrosion/irritation:	May cause skin irritation. Prolonged contact may cause defatting of skin which can lead to dermatitis	
Serious eye damage/irritation:	May cause mild irritation to eyes	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	Not expected to be a sensitiser	
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Not expected to be mutagenic	
Carcinogenicity:	Not expected to be carcinogenic	
Reproductive toxicity:	Not expected to impair reproduction	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) – single exposure:	May cause respiratory irritation	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) – repeated exposure:	Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death.  Prolonged and repeated exposures to high concentrations have resulted in hearing loss in rats. Solvent abuse and noise interaction in the work environment may cause hearing loss	
Aspiration hazard:	Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal	

# SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Ecotoxicity**

Acute toxicity:

Fish –	Toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/l
Aquatic invertebrate –	Toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/l
Algae –	Toxic: 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/l
Microorganisms –	Data not available

# Chronic toxicity:

Fish –	Data not available
Aquatic invertebrate –	Data not available
Algae –	Data not available
Microorganisms –	Data not available

# Persistence and degradability

Readily biodegradable. Oxidises by photo-chemical reactions in air.

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

## Mobility in soil

Adsorbs to soil and has low mobility. Floats on water.

#### Other adverse effects

Data not available.

#### SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Ensure waste disposal conforms to local waste disposal regulations.

# **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

UN number:	1268
Proper shipping name:	Petroleum Distillates, N.O.S. (Petroleum Naphtha)
Australian Dangerous Goods class:	3
Australian Dangerous Goods packing group:	III
Hazchem code:	3Y

#### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP), Poisons Schedule:	5
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS):	Listed
Dangerous Goods Initial Emergency Response Guide (SAA/SNZ HB76):	14

#### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

Date of preparation:	15/02/2017
Revision number:	9
Changes in this revision:	Update to ingredients %

This SDS summarises product safety information at the date of issue, to the best of our knowledge, as a general guide. Recochem cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product is used, so prior to usage each user must assess and control the risks associated with their use of the product. Users should also consult the relevant legislation governing the use and storage of this product. We make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of information contained within this document. If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact Recochem on (07) 3308 5200.

Page **7** of **7** ISSUE: 9 ISSUE DATE: 15/02/2017